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The Daily Gazetteer.

SATURDAY, JULY 23. 1737.

91°. 648.

To the DAILY GAZETTEER.

SIR,

WRITER in the *Craftſman* of October laſt, begins his Paper thus, 'Socrates, an Eccleſiaſtical Hiſtorian of the Fifth Century, informs us, that one *Perigenes* was the *firſt Prelate* that ever ſwap'd his Dioceſe for another.' * This *Perigenes*, Sir, he owns lived about *A. D.* 431. becauſe, according to *Valeſius*, he was preſent at the *Epheſine Synod* againſt *Neſtorius*; *i. e.* was Contemporary with *Socrates* himſelf. But the Hiſtorian, in the very ſame Chapter, in which he gives us *that Liſt of Tranſlated Biſhops* (beginning from his own Time downwards) which the Writer in the *Craftſman* refer'd to, peremptorily aſſerts, that the Tranſlation of Biſhops from one City to another, had been a uſual Practice, παρὰ τοῖς παλαιοῖς, among the Ancients; *i. e.* long before *his* Time †. And, moreover, refers us there, for a Proof of it, to a Paſſage in *Eubius*'s Hiſtory; and then ſubjoins a Liſt of Biſhops who were tranſlated in and before his Time, beginning with *Perigenes*, who was then living, or but lately dead.

WITH what Face then could that Writer aſſert, 'That *Socrates* informs us, that *Perigenes* (*his Contemporary*) was the firſt tranſlated Biſhop?' when he *informs* us of no ſuch Thing, but the direct *contrary* (and in the very Chapter too quoted by this Writer) as any one that hath Eyes, and can read, muſt ſee at the firſt View.

THIS, Sir, was ſo *notorious* a Falſhood, that I thought it ought not to eſcape Animadverſion. I attempted, therefore, in a Letter to you, to make him ſenſible of it. He reply'd, in a very ſuperficial and haughty Way, that if there was any Miſtake in the Caſe, it was his *Author's*, not his: And that, in ſhort, my *Objection* was but a *Frivolous Cavil*, at moſt. In return I aſſured him, that ſuch a *licentious Abuſe* of Hiſtory was far from being a frivolous Matter, whatever he might think; and adviſed him, for the future, to be more cautious in his Quotations **. This inflamed him to a very formidable Degree, and provoked him to much foul Language; wherein he hath ſhewn himſelf a great Adept in all the flowing Oratory of *Billingſgate* and *Bedlam*. *Idiot*, *Blunderbuſs*, *Sawcy Scribbler*, *Frivolous Caviller*, and *Downright Liar*, who deſerves to be *Jerk'd*, &c. are Terms hardly *emphatical* enough to expreſs the *Fury* of his Indignation.

BUT I muſt tell the Gentleman, that notwithſtanding he is ſo exceedingly incenſed, it would have been Wiſdom in him to have pocketed his Reſentment; for, I am ſorely afraid, he hath got ſo far into the Brambles, that the more he flings, the more he will tear himſelf.——— But to appear in Defenſe of ſo loud a Lye!——— (Excuſe the Expreſſion, Sir, I uſe it not only becauſe it is in no Caſe applicable with greater Propriety than this, but becauſe my angry Friend ſeems uſed to ſuch Language.) To tell ſo ſad a Fibb, and then ſtand to it! This ſhews a very naughty Temper.

WHO the Gentleman is that I have the Unhappineſs ſo much to irritate, I know not; but by his Skill in *Grammar* and *Jerking*, his *Scraps* of *Latin*, *Imperioufneſs*, and *Impatience of Contradiction*, I take him to be ſome Country Pedant. He hath treated me with very little Ceremony, and therefore cannot expect much from me.——— I pertinently ask him, then, Doth he not *own* that *Perigenes* was Contemporary with *Socrates*? Doth not the ſame *Socrates* ſay, that the Tranſlation of Biſhops was a *cuſtomary* Thing (long before his Time) among the Ancients? and cites himſelf to prove it too? Nay, Doth he not know that *Gregory Nazianzen* (the *Second* in the Liſt of Tranſlated Biſhops) flouriſhed in the Middle of the 4th Century? and therefore muſt have been tranſlated before *Perigenes*, who was living about the Middle of the 5th?——— For this Writer then to tell us, with ſo much bare Face, that *Socrates informs us, that the Cuſtom began in his Time*; *and that* Perigenes (his Contemporary) *was the firſt Tranſlated Biſhop*; and that in the very Chapter too where he *informs us of the direct contrary*:——— What is this but Frontleſs Falſhood, and a downright Impoſition upon Mankind? I inſiſt upon it, that he either *diſprove* theſe plain Facts, or *own* the Charge.

IN his Letter of *May* 21, 'tis true, he acknowledges what it was that led him into the Miſtake; viz. Truſting to *Le Clerc*'s Quotation of *Socrates*, without reading the whole Chapter in *Socrates* himſelf, which he ought to have done; tho', by the way, he before laid the Fault upon *Socrates*, not *Le Clerc*, unwilling to let the World know that he truſted to *Second-hand Quotations*; but now he owns it. *I did not* (ſaith he) *nor was it neceſſary for me to conſult* Socrates, *any farther than to examine his Liſt of Tranſlated Biſhops, as referred to by* Le Clerc *in his Notes upon the* Apoſtolick Canons. *I ſaw* Perigenes *ſtanding* Firſt *in his Liſt, and therefore judged it a Concluſion not improbable, that* He was firſt tranſlated. Not to inſiſt upon this Gentleman's odd Method of drawing *Concluſions*, and then *judging* of the *Probability* of them afterwards; I hope, however, by this Time he is convinced, that it *was neceſſary* for him to have *conſulted* Socrates *farther*; and that his *Concluſion*, however *probable* he might *judge* it, is *falſe in Fact*.

BUT the Frankneſs of this Acknowledgment, (however unwillingly extorted) I own, ought to atone for the Whole; and would effectually have exempted him from any farther Cenſure, if he had not, preſently after, fallen into the moſt Pedantick Cavilling, and the moſt wilful Equivocations, in Defenſe of that Falſhood he ſeemed half inclined to confeſs; for which (to uſe his own *ſmart* Stile) he richly deſerves *t'other Jerk*. You ſhall have the Whole, Sir, in a fair Light; for I really think that it is the moſt extraordinary Thing that ever was preſented to the Publick.

MY Charge againſt him was, That he had groſsly falſify'd and abus'd his Author, *Socrates*, in making him ſay that *Perigenes* (who lived at the ſame Time with *Socrates*) *was the firſt Prelate that ſwapp'd his Dioceſe for another*: Whereas every one that reads that Chapter in *Socrates*, knows, that the Hiſtorian *there affirms*, and *proves the direct contrary*; and refers us, for an Inſtance, to *Alexander*'s Tranſlation from a See in *Cappadocia*, to that of *Jeruſalem*, long before this, as related by *Euſebius*.

WELL, how doth my Gentleman get off from this Pinch? Why two Ways. Firſt, by the Help of a pedantick Rule. *Exceptio firmat Regulam in non Exceptis*, *is*, he ſaith, *a well-known Rule in* Grammar. If he had ſaid, *there is no general Rule without Exception*, he wou'd not appear ſo profoundly Learned. But how is this *well-known Grammar Rule* to help him out in the Caſe? Why, if it hath any thing to do with my Objection (as juſt now ſtated) it is thus:——— *Perigenes* was the firſt tranſlated Biſhop.---- *Alexander* was indeed tranſlated *before* him.----- However, this is but one *ſingle Exception* in the Caſe; and therefore inſtead of *invalidating*, *corroborates* the general Rule;----- and ſo proves, that *Perigenes was the firſt tranſlated Biſhop*. Q. E. D.

WELL, this is merry enough. But if I am ſo ſtupid, as not to yield to the Force of this Argument, he hath another, *viz.* (Secondly) It appears from *Euſebius*, that as for this *Alexander*, who was ſo early tranſlated from *Cappadocia* to *Jeruſalem*, *the Divine Providence call'd him by a Revelation given him in a nocturnal Viſion*: So that there was no SWAPPING in the Caſe. And what he affirm'd was, that *Perigenes was the firſt Prelate that ſwapp'd his Dioceſe for another*. Profound Argumentation truely! What will not ſuch a Head reach? But before he had us'd this ſubtle Argument, methinks, he ought to have prov'd that *Perigenes ever ſwapp'd his Dioceſe at all*; in the Notion he hath of *ſwapping Biſhopricks*, as including *Simony*, *Bartering*, *dirty Work*, and *ſervile Proſtitution*.

BUT to be ſerious; the Charge I have brought againſt him is no light one, whatever he may think of it; and *ill Names*, *foaming Reſentment*, *haughty Airs*, *pert Witticiſms*, and *pedantick Quibbles*, will go but a little way to remove it; and this is all the Help he hath yet been able to call in for that Purpoſe: So that it ſtill lies heavy upon him; and there it is like to lie. I only wiſh he may bear it with a little better Temper. And ſo I take my Leave of him.

I am, SIR,
Yours, &c.

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* *Craftſman, Octob.* 23, 1736.
† *Socr. Hiſt. Eccl. Lib.* 7. *Cap.* 36.
** *Gazetteer, Jan.* 25.

HOME PORTS.

Falmouth, July 18. Since my laſt arrived the Thomas, Simmons, from Cadiz for Orders; the John, Morris, for Morleux. Wind Eaſt. Remain the Prince Frederick, and the Expedition Packets, both for Lisbon, and the Townſhend Packet for the Groyne.

Liverpool, July 19. Arrived the Mary and Ann, Needham, from Jamaica; the Pardoe, ------, from the Weſt Indies, but laſt from Cork; the Young Francis, Mercer, from Norway; the Betty, Hamilton, from Stockholm; and the Mary, ------, from Gibraltar.

Briſtol, July 20. This Morning arrived the Hanover Galley, Warren, from the North Side of Jamaica.

Dover, July 21. Paſſed by ſince my laſt, the Dolphin, Butler, from Cape Fear in Carolina; the Tyger, Spence, and Cleopatra, Thompſon, from Zant.

Deal, July 21. Wind W. S. W. No Ship in the Downs. Came down laſt Night and ſailed thro', the Heſter, Oliva, and Carolina, Gay, for Havre. Several Ships are ſailed thro' from the Weſtward, but can't learn their Names.

Graveſend, July 21. Arrived the Robert and Eſther, King, from Norway.

LONDON.

Laſt Night arrived a Mail from Holland, with Letters of June 28, O. S. from Petersburg, according to which we may expect by the next Poſt to hear either that the Ruſſians have inveſted Oczakow, or that there has been a bloody Battle between the two Armies; becauſe they mention Advice, by an Expreſs from General Munich, that he had paſſed the River Bog, and was going to undertake that Siege, unleſs the Approach of the Turks Army, which had paſſed the Neiſter, obliged him to meet and give them Battle. The Expreſs added, that a Coſſack, who had ſtopped 8 Days at Oczakow, had laid a Plan of the Place before the General, and that he hoped to be Maſter of it after 8 or 10 Days open Trenches, he having a Train of Artillery of 200 Cannon and 50 Mortars.

Thoſe of the 5th Inſtant from Warſaw ſay, that the Grand Vizier was actually marching with his Army to attack Count Munich's, and that the latter had inveſted Oczakow, and intrench'd his Camp, to ſecure it againſt the Turks.

They write from the Frontiers of Turky, that the Garriſon conſiſts of 15,000 Men, and that the Governor propos'd a Suſpenſion of Arms three Times to the Count de Munich; but he abſolutely refuſed to grant it.

From Buda, July 1, they write, that the Imperial Army was continuing its March towards the Frontiers with very great Order by ſhort Journies, becauſe of the exceſſive hot Weather.

There has been another Fire at Petersburg, viz. on the 24th ult. in the Greeks Quarter, by which about 50 Houſes were conſumed. One of the Incendiaries has been apprehended, and 'tis ſaid there is a Gang of 'em diſperſed in ſeveral Parts of the Empire.

Laſt Monday ſe'nnight his Excellency Horace Walpole, Eſq; Ambaſſador from England to Holland, ſet out from Paris for the Hague.

His Excellency Mr. Walpole arrived laſt Friday from Paris at the Hague; as his Lady did the Day before from London.

Yeſterday John Marlow, Eſq; pay'd the uſual Fine into the Chamber of London, in order to be excuſed ſerving the Office of Sheriff; and a Common Hall will be held on Thurſday next for the electing another.

Sir John Eyles has accepted of Bridge Ward Without, and this Day comes on the Election of an Alderman of Vintry Ward in his room.

Miles 616

Miles Mann, Esq; was Yesterday unanimously chosen Clerk to the Commissioners of the Land Tax for the City, in the room of the late Town Clerk.

John's Coffee-house, the Corner of Sweeting's Alley in Cornhill, having been lately taken down, in order to be rebuilt, the Party-Wall and back Stack of Chimneys belonging to the adjoining House, fell down on Wednesday between 3 and 4 in the Morning, and Yesterday Noon the other Stack of Chimneys, with the remainder of the Wall, fell down; but the Inhabitants having timely Notice, there was no Damage done, but to the adjoining Buildings.

On Tuesday last Mr. Nasmith was chosen an Alderman of Norwich, in the room of Mr. Justice Croshold, deceased.

The Right Hon. Sir Robert Walpole comes to Town on Thursday next.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint the Right Hon. the Lord James Beauclerc, Brother to his Grace the Duke of St. Albans, to be one of the Minor Canons of Windsor.

Yesterday his Grace the Duke of Rutland set out with a great Retinue, for the Spa at Scarborough.

Yesterday Daniel Smallwood, Esq; kiss'd His Majesty's Hand, on his being appointed an Ensign in the First Regiment of Foot Guards, in the Room of —— Inwood, Esq; promoted.

Yesterday died at her House in Conduit-street, Madam Robinson, Relict of the late Sir John Robinson, Knight.

A fine Monument is going to be erected in the Church at Whitley-Court, in the County of Worcester, to the Memory of the late Lord and Lady Foley.

The Right Hon. the Lord Abergavenny is appointed Captain of the Gentlemen Pensioners, in the Room of his Grace the Duke of Montague.

This Day the Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor holds the Third General Seal, at Lincoln's-Inn Hall, after Trinity Term.

And on Tuesday Se'nnight the Fourth and last General Seal.

The Corpse of the Lady Catherine Hyde is to lie in State in the Jerusalem-Chamber, and afterwards be interred in Westminster-Abbey, amongst her Ancestors.

We hear that the Parliament, which stands Prorogued to the 4th of next Month, was, on Thursday last, in Council, further Prorogued for Six Weeks.

Last Night the Corpse of Mrs. Smith, late Wife of —— Smith, Esq; was carried from his Dwelling-House in Privy-Garden, in Great Funeral Pomp and Solemnity, and interr'd in St. Andrew's Church, Holbourn.

We hear that the Report of the Eight Malefactors now under Sentence of Death in Newgate, will not be made to His Majesty, till the Return of the Judges from their Circuits.

This Day the Lord Chief Justice Lee sets out for the Seat of his Brother, Sir Thomas Lee, Knight of the Shire for the County of Bucks, at which Place Mr. Justice Probyn is to meet him, and from thence set out for the Norfolk Circuit; the Assizes beginning at Buckingham on Monday next.

Several Workmen are employed in Repairing of Westminster-Hall, in new Leading, and making new Lead Gutters, the same being much decayed; the Charge of which will amount to some Hundreds of Pounds,

Westminster, July 23. 1737.

The ASSIZE of BREAD,

As set by the Worshipful ALEXIUS CLAYTON, *Esq; Deputy-Steward.*

	lb. oz. dr.		lb. oz. dr.	
1d. or 2 half pen. Loaf new to weigh	0 08 01	White	6d. Loaf	04 08 09 Wheaten
	0 12 01	Wheaten		06 00 11 Houshold
	0 16 02	Houshold	12d. Loaf	09 01 01 Wheaten
				12 01 07 Houshold
2 penny Loaf	1 00 02	White	18d. Loaf	13 09 10 Wheaten
	1 08 03	Wheaten		18 02 02 Houshold
	2 00 04	Houshold		

It is also Ordered, that the Bakers within this City and Liberty do not for the future make any Half-quartern Loaves.

And whereas it is enacted, That all Bakers shall and may, after Sept. 1, 1715, make, bake, sell, and expose to Sale, Peck, Half-Peck, or Quartern Loaves, so as the same are made and sold, both as to Weight and Price, in Proportion to the Assize-Table, according to which they are ascertain'd as follows:

WHEATEN-BREAD.

lb. oz. dr.		lb. oz. dr.
Peck Loaf 17 06 02	Quartern Loaf	04 05 08
Half Peck 08 11 01		

By the Court,

HART.

N.B. The Price of the Half Peck fine Wheaten, according to the present Assize, is Eleven Pence Half-penny, and so in Proportion.

High Water this Day at London Bridge.	Morning	Evening
	6 45	7 15

Bank Stock 144 to 1-4th. India 176 to 1-4th. South Sea 103. Old Annuity 110 1 4th. New ditto, 111 7-8ths. Three per Cent 105 1-4th. Emperor's Loan 112 1-4th. Royal Assurance 109 1-4th. London Assurance 14 7-8ths. African 14. New India Bonds 61. 16 s. Premium. Old ditto, 61. 15 s. Prem. South Sea ditto 4 l. 8 s. to 10 s. Prem. Bank Circulation 3 l. 7 s. 6 d. Prem. Salt Tallies 1 to 5 Prem. English Copper 2 l. 11 s. Welch ditto 15 s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 8 1-4th per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 3 to 1-4th per Cent. Premium. Million Bank 122. Lottery Tickets 9 l. 17 s.

Custom-House, London, July 7, 1737.

By Order of the Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs, &c.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made the 12th Year of his late Majesty King George the First. 'tis enacted, That from and after the 24th of June 1726, all Goods and Merchandize, which shall have remained in his Majesty's Warehouse for the Security of the Duties due thereon, for the Space of Six Months, the Subsidies and Duties not paid, compounded for, or otherwise secured as the Law directs, shall be publickly sold by Inch of Candle.

These are therefore to give Notice, that all such Goods remaining in the Warehouse in the Port of London aforesaid, will be publickly sold, accordingly, unless the Proprietors thereof forthwith come and pay the Duties due for the same, as the Law directs.

N.B. Publick Notice will be given of the Time of Sale.

Just Published,

[Price Two Shillings sewed.]

THE SCHEME and CONDUCT of PROVIDENCE,

from the Creation to the Coming of Messiah: Or, An Enquiry into the Reasons of the Divine Dispensations in that Period.

By Mr. WELSTED.

In this Treatise, among other Things, are particularly consider'd,

The State of Man after the Fall, and till the Deluge.

The Necessity of the immediate Dispersion of Mankind, and Confusion of Languages.

The Reasons for raising and separating a particular People from the rest of the World, with the stupendous Steps and Procedures preparatory to it.

The Nature and End of the Miracles, wrought in Ægypt; as well those of the Ægyptian Enchanters, as those of Moses

The general Grounds and Reasons of the Jewish Rites and Institutions.

The true Purport and Intendment of the Denuntiation in the second Commandment, or of God's visiting the Sins of the Fathers on the Children.

The Force and Foundation of Porphyry's *Objection, with respect to the Time of* Messiah's *Appearance.*

Printed for J. Walthoe over-against the Royal Exchange in Cornhill.

Of whom may be had,

I. A PLAIN METHOD of CHRISTIAN DEVOTION laid down in Discourses, Meditations, and Prayers, fitted to the various Occasions of a Religious Life. Translated and Revised from the *French* of M. JURIEU, by the Rt Rev. Dr. FLEETWOOD; late Bishop of *Ely*. The *Twenty-sixth Edition* (printed with a much larger Character, and on better Paper, than any of the former.) Price 2 s. 6 d.

The Fame and Reputation of its Author, with the Multitude of its Editions, may recommend the Purchasing this Book to them that otherwise know it not; but the good Spirit it is written withal, has made it dear and valuable to them that do; and the good Grace of God, I hope, will make it serviceable to all that meet with it.

W. FLEETWOOD.

II. The whole FAITH and DUTY of a CHRISTIAN, methodically explained in the Words of Scripture.

By WILLIAM STEVENSON, D. D. Prebendary of Sarum, and Rector of Colwal in Herefordshire. The Second Edition. With a new Preface, shewing, that there is more Unity of Belief among Protestants than among Papists, and a much safer Way to Salvation. Price bound 12 s. 6 d. or 16 s. per Dozen.

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VI. Dialogues concerning ELOQUENCE in general, and particularly that Kind which is fit for the Pulpit. By the late Archbishop of Cambray. With his Letter to the French Academy, on Rhetorick, Poetry, History; and a Comparison betwixt the Antients and Moderns. Translated from the French, and illustrated with Notes and Quotations. By W. STEVENSON, D. D. Prebendary of Sarum.

VII. The WORKS of WILLIAM SHERLOCK, D. D late Dean of St. Paul's, and Master of the Temple, viz.

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2. A practical Discourse concerning the future JUDGMENT.
3. A Discourse concerning the Divine PROVIDENCE.
4. A Discourse of the Immortality of the Soul, and a FUTURE STATE.
5. SERMONS upon several Occasions. 2 Vols.

This is to give Notice,

THAT the Commissioners for Building a Bridge at Westminster, are to meet, by Adjournment, at the Jerusalem-Chamber, in the Deanery of Westminster, on Friday the 29th of this Instant July, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon precisely.

Just Published,

[Price One Shilling.]

(*Dedicated to Dr.* PELLET, *President of the College of Physicians, Fellow of the Royal Society, &c.*)

A Dissertation on the VENEREAL DISEASE.

Wherein a Method of Curing all the Stages of that Distemper will be communicated, and confirmed by several Instances of Success, from the least to the greatest Degree of Infection, without the Help of any Mercurial Drenches, Vomits, or Fumigations, without Injections or Astringents of any sort, without Escharoticks, Causticks, Hot Irons, &c. so solemnly recommended by many Authors: but above all that *Opprobrium Chirurgorum* a *Salivation*, will in all Cases be avoided.

By JOHN DOUGLAS, *Surgeon, F. R. S.*

Printed for and sold by the Author, in Lad-lane, near Guildhall.

N.B. The Second Part of this Dissertation is in great forwardness: In which the Opinions of the antient Writers about the Use of Mercurial Frictions, will be examin'd; the Objections against them, both ancient and lately hatch'd, answer'd; and their Safety, Easiness, and uncommon Success in all the Stages of this Distemper, nay, even after repeated Salivations have fail'd, farther confirm'd, by a great Variety of Cases. Dr. C——b——n's OINTMENT, and Dr. T——r's FUME, will also be dissected. *Cultro Fallopiano*, &c.

This Day is Published,

[Price 1 s. 6 d.]

Printed for RICHARD WARE, *at the Bible and Sun in Amen-Corner, in Warwick-Lane, the Fourth Edition, corrected, with large Additions, of*

A Spelling DICTIONARY: Or, A

Collection of all the common Words and Proper Names of Persons and Places, made use of in the English Tongue. Carefully compared with the Original Languages, from whence they are derived, and marked, as they are to be pronounced. Whereby Persons of the meanest Capacity may attain to Spell and Write English true and correctly.

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Where may be had the following Books, by the same Author,

I. A Gulde to the English Tongue. In Two Parts. The First, proper for Beginners; shewing a natural and easy Method to pronounce and express both common Words and proper Names; in which particular Care is had to shew the Accent for preventing vicious Pronunciation. The Second, for such as are advanced to some Ripeness of Judgment; containing Observations on the Sounds of Letters and Diphthongs, Rules for the true Divisions of Syllables and the Use of Capitals, Stops and Marks; with large Tables of Abreviations and Distinctions of Words, and several Alphabets of Copies for young Writers. The 23d Edition, corrected. To which is now added, An Appendix, containing many additional Lessons in Prose and Verse; first in Words of one Syllable only, and then mixed with Words of two, three, four, five, six, and seven Syllables. Price 1 s.

II. The Fables of Phædrus (who was made a Denizen of Rome by Augustus Cæsar) under the following Heads, viz. The Weakest goes to the Wall; Chuse the least Evil, be content in your Station; All covet, all lose; Keep not too great Company, &c. Rendered into familiar English. The 2d Edition, pr. 1 s.

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The most Delightful Fragrant TINCTURE *for the Breath, Teeth and Gums.*

AT once using makes the BREATH most charmingly fine, sweet, and pleasant, the Teeth perfectly white, clean and beautiful, and is the most certain Cure for the SCURVY in the GUMS in the World.

It infallibly preserves the Breath, Teeth and Gums in the utmost Beauty and Perfection, if they are no Ways disorder'd; and if they are, immediately rectifies all their Defects; for the same Minute it is used it makes the most offensive Breath smell incomparably fine and charming, and in a short Time so effectually cures, that a disagreeable Breath will not return.

It instantly makes the blackest and most foul Teeth extremely white and delicately beautiful; infallibly preserves them from decaying, and those a little decay'd from becoming worse; absolutely cures the Scurvy in the Gums, be it ever so inveterate, causing the Flesh to grow up to the Teeth again when almost eaten quite away, and assuredly fastens loose Teeth to Admiration. It is to be used but a few Drops at a Time, is exceeding pleasant, and leaves a very grateful and delectable Flavour in the Mouth.

In a Word, for most delightfully performing, and quickly curing an ill-scented Breath, for immediately making the blackest Teeth most excellently white, certainly fastening them when loose, effectually preserving them from rotting or decaying, and infallibly curing the Scurvy in the Gums, it has not its Equal in the Universe, as all the Quality and principal Gentry, who use it acknowledge.

It is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyshop, at the Ball and Crown against St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions.

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